UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One) ⊠ QUARTERLY REPORT PUI ended March 31, 2021.	RSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 1	5(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 for the first quarterly period
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PUR	RSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15	OR 5(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 for the transition period from
	SPA	R GROUP, INC. registrant as specified in its charter)
(State or other jurisdi	Delaware ction of incorporation or organizat	tion) 33-0684451 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	Court, Auburn Hills, Michigan f principal executive offices)	48326 (Zip Code)
	Registrant's telephone nu	umber, including area code: (248) 364-7727
	is (or for such shorter period that t	rts required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing
		onically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of 2 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such
	he definitions of "large accelera	l filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an ated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth
Large Accelerated Filer □		Accelerated Filer □
Non-Accelerated Filer \boxtimes		Smaller reporting company $oxtimes$
Emerging Growth Company \square		
If an emerging growth company, ir or revised financial accounting star		trant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new on 13(a) of the Exchange Act \Box
Indicate by check mark whether the	e registrant is a shell company (as	defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.) YES \square NO \boxtimes
		held by non-affiliates of the Registrant on April 30, 2021, based on the closing price of h date, was approximately \$36.6 million.
Securities registered pursuant to Se	ection 12(b) of the Act:	
Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common	SGRP	Nasdaq
The number o	f shares of the Registrant's Comm	on Stock outstanding as of April 16, 2021, was 21,256,266 shares.

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SPAR Group, Inc.

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PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

SPAR Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

	M	March 31, 2021		ember 31, 2020
	(Uı	naudited)		
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,713	\$	15,972
Accounts receivable, net		53,025		46,914
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		2,941		3,631
Total current assets		75,679		66,517
Property and equipment, net		2,734		2,795
Operating lease right-of-use assets		2,479		2,900
Goodwill		3,752		3,760
Intangible assets, net		2,123		2,255
Deferred income taxes		4,142		4,201
Other assets		1,484		1,601
Total assets	\$	92,393	\$	84,029
Liabilities and equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	9,232	\$	7,859
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		19,276		18,745
Due to affiliates		4,569		3,775
Customer incentives and deposits		4,295		1,799
Lines of credit and short-term loans		12,940		9,329
Current portion of operating lease liabilities		960		1,398
Total current liabilities	-	51,272		42,905
Operating lease liabilities, less current portion		1,519		1,502
Long-term debt and other liabilities		1,000		1,000
Total liabilities		53,791		45,407
Commitments and contingencies – See Note 8				
Equity:				
SPAR Group, Inc. equity				
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value: Authorized and available shares—2,445,598 Issued and outstanding shares—				
None – Balance at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020		-		-
Common stock, \$.01 par value: Authorized shares – 47,000,000 Issued shares – 21,253,483 – Balance at				
March 31, 2021, and 21,122,312 – December 31, 2020		212		211
Treasury stock, at cost 1,697 shares – Balance at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020		(2)		(2)
Additional paid-in capital		16,678		16,645
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(4,111)		(3,913)
Retained earnings		10,135		9,218
Total SPAR Group, Inc. equity		22,912		22,159
Non-controlling interest		15,690		16,463
Total equity		38,602		38,622
Total liabilities and equity	\$	92,393	\$	84,029
Tour monnes and equity	<u>-</u>	,	<u>-</u>	. ,

See accompanying notes.

SPAR Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income (Loss) (unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

		Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2021		2020	
Net revenues	\$	61,097	\$	61,348	
Cost of revenues	·	48,838		49,560	
Gross profit		12,259		11,788	
Selling, general and administrative expense		9,011		9,771	
Depreciation and amortization		530		540	
Operating income		2,718		1,477	
Interest expense		147		228	
Other income, net		(75)		(8)	
Income before income tax expense		2,646		1,257	
Income tax expense		865		335	
Net income		1,781		922	
Net (income) attributable to non-controlling interest		(864)		(624)	
Net income attributable to SPAR Group, Inc.	\$	917	\$	298	
Basic and diluted income per common share:	\$	0.04	\$	0.01	
Weighted average common shares – basic		21,188		21,105	
Weighted average common shares – diluted	<u> </u>	21,581		21,228	
Net income	\$	1,781	\$	922	
Other comprehensive income (loss):					
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(1,835)		(3,900)	
Comprehensive (loss)		(54)		(2,978)	
Comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interest		773		1,820	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to SPAR Group, Inc.	\$	719	\$	(1,158)	

See accompanying notes.

SPAR Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statement of Equity (unaudited) (In thousands)

	Commo	on St	ock	Treasu	ry Sto	ock	A	lditional	A	ccumulated Other				Non-	
							1	Paid-In	Co	mprehensive	Ret	tained	Co	ntrolling	Total
	Shares	An	nount	Shares	An	nount	(Capital		Loss	Ear	rnings	I	nterest	Equity
Balance at January 1, 2021	21,122	\$	211	2	\$	(2)	\$	16,645	\$	(3,913)	\$	9,218	\$	16,463	\$ 38,622
Exercise of stock options	131		1	-		_		(66)		-		-		-	(65)
Share-based compensation	_		-	-		_		99		_		_		-	99
Other comprehensive (loss)	-		-	-		_		_		(198)		-		(1,637)	(1,835)
Net income	_		_	_		_		_		_		917		864	1,781
Balance at March 31, 2021	21,253	\$	212	2	\$	(2)	\$	16,678	\$	(4,111)	\$ 1	10,135	\$	15,690	\$ 38,602

SPAR Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statement of Equity (unaudited continued)

(In thousands)

	Commo	on St	ock	Treasu	ry St	ock	 lditional		ccumulated Other		Non-	
	Shares	An	nount	Shares	An	nount	Paid-In Capital	Co	omprehensive Loss	etained irnings	ntrolling nterest	Total Equity
Balance at January 1, 2020	21,102	\$	211	2	\$	(2)	\$ 16,511	\$	(3,616)	\$ 5,851	\$ 12,406	\$ 31,361
Exercise of stock options	6		_	-		_	_		_	-	-	_
Share-based compensation	-		_	-		_	25		_	_	-	25
Other comprehensive (loss)	-		-	-		-	-		(1,456)	-	(2,444)	(3,900)
Net income	-		-	-		_	-		_	298	624	922
Balance at March 31, 2020	21,108	\$	211	2	\$	(2)	\$ 16,536	\$	(5,072)	\$ 6,149	\$ 10,586	\$ 28,408

See accompanying notes.

SPAR Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) (In thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2021		2020	
Operating activities					
Net income	\$	1,781	\$	922	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities					
Depreciation and amortization		530		540	
Non-cash lease expense		421		722	
Bad debt expense, net of recoveries		69		44	
Share-based compensation		99		25	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable		(6,100)		1,015	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		857		107	
Accounts payable		1,384		(386)	
Operating lease liabilities		(421)		(722)	
Accrued expenses, other current liabilities and customer incentives and deposits		3,773		(812)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,393		1,455	
Investing activities					
Purchases of property and equipment and capitalized software		(332)		(342)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(332)		(342)	
ivet cash used in nivesting activities		(332)		(342)	
Financing activities					
Net borrowings on lines of credit		3,646		1,786	
Payments related to stock options exercised		(65)		-	
Payments on term debt		-		(333)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		3,581		1,453	
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash		(1,901)		(3,914)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		3,741		(1,348)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		15,972		10,458	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	19,713	\$	9,110	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flows information:					
Interest paid	\$	159	\$	203	
Income taxes paid	\$	44	\$	14	
meome taxes paid	Ψ		Ψ	14	

See accompanying notes.

1. Basis of Presentation

The unaudited, interim condensed consolidated financial statements of SPAR Group, Inc. ("SGRP" or the "Corporation") and subsidiaries, accompanying this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the first quarter ended March 31, 2021 (this "Quarterly Report"), have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. SGRP and its subsidiaries may be referred to collectively as "SPAR", the "SPAR Group" or the "Company". The accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2020 is derived from the Company's audited financial statements as of that date. Because certain information and footnote disclosures have been condensed or omitted, these consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K (the "2020 Form 10-K"). In the opinion of management, all normal and recurring adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included in these interim financial statements. However, these interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the Company as contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, as filed with the Sec on April 29, 2021 (as so amended, the "Annual Report"). Particular attention should be given to Items 1 and 1A of the 2020 Annual Report respecting the Company's Business and Risk Factors, respectively. The Company's results of operations for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of its operating results for the entire year.

2. Business and Organization

The SPAR Group is a leading global merchandising and marketing services company, providing a broad range of services to retailers, manufacturers and distributors around the world. With more than 40 years of experience, 25,000+ merchandising specialists around the world, 200,000+ average store visits a week and long-term relationships with some of the world's leading manufacturers and retail businesses, SPAR provides specialized capabilities across more than 9 countries and 4 continents.

The Company's focus is merchandising and marketing. Its specialists are in stores restocking shelves, auditing inventory, performing competitive price shopping, setting up exciting promotions, assembling fixtures and furniture, preparing new locations for grand openings, assisting with sales and more. SPAR provides the "last mile" of retailing and manufacturer product merchandising and marketing.

The Company's services apply to a wide range of segments and categories. SPAR serves retailers in the grocery, drug, dollar, discount, convenience, cash and carry, home improvement, consumer electronics, automotive, pharmacy, office supply and mass merchandise segments. SPAR serves manufacturers and distributors in the personal technology, electronics, beverage, household product, consumables, automotive aftermarket and consumer product segments. The Company's ability to recognize trends and opportunities across segments and geographies distinguishes the business from local or regional competition.

The Company operates in markets that represent more than 50% of the world's population. SPAR has expanded internationally to serve clients but also to capitalize on growing global demand. As of March 31, 2021, SPAR is in 9 countries including, United States, Canada, Mexico, Brazil, South Africa, Australia, China, Japan, and India. The Company no longer operates in Turkey.

The Company operates under two divisions: Domestic and International. The Domestic division is comprised of all operations within the United States. The International division is a consolidation of all operations and joint ventures outside of the United States.

The Domestic business is led and operated from its global headquarters in Auburn Hills, MI. The International business is also led from the global headquarters, but then has regional leadership and offices in the respective countries.

The Company's approach to the international marketplace has historically been to establish joint ventures. SPAR believes this approach enables the Company to bring the breadth of its global capabilities and tools while capitalizing on the strength and importance of local executive leadership and resources.

Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) Outbreak

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel strain of Coronavirus (COVID-19) a global pandemic and recommended containment and mitigation measures worldwide. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the Company's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the impact of the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce.

While the COVID-19 pandemic has not had any material unfavorable effects on our financial results for the year ended December 31, 2020 or through the three months ended March 31, 2021, the extent of the impact in the future, if any, will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain, cannot be predicted and could have a material adverse impact on our financial position, operating results and cash flows. A prolonged outbreak could, among other things, strain our business continuity plans, create delays in our growth and strategic initiatives, reduce our sales and marketing activities, limit our access to financing on favorable terms, increase our exposure to potential impairment charges related to long-lived and intangible assets, hinder our ability to support our clients and operate our business effectively, heighten the risk of disruption to our information and reporting systems and internal controls, including those over financial reporting and other risk management systems, or require us to incur substantial costs. We are closely monitoring the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on all aspects of our business and may take further actions as may be required by federal, state or local authorities, or that we determine are in the best interests of our employees, customers and partners. As the conditions surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic continue to evolve rapidly, we will continue to actively manage our response in collaboration with customers, government officials and stakeholders, and assess any potential impacts to our financial position and operating results, as well as adverse developments in our business.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act") was signed into law. The CARES Act is aimed at providing emergency assistance and health care for individuals, families, and businesses affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and generally supporting the U.S. economy. The CARES Act, among other things, includes provisions related to refundable payroll tax credits, deferment of the employer portion of social security payments, net operating loss carryback periods, modifications to the net interest deduction limitations, and technical corrections to tax depreciation methods for qualified improvement property. As of March 31, 2021, the Company has elected to defer the employer-paid portion of social security taxes of \$1.3 million, which is included in "Accrued expenses and other liabilities" in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

3. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computations of basic and diluted net income per share (in thousands, except per share data):

		: Mont Marcl	 nded
	2021		2020
Numerator:			
Net income attributable to SPAR Group, Inc.	\$	917	\$ 298
Denominator:			
Shares used in basic net income per share calculation	21	188	21,105
Effect of diluted securities:			
Stock options and unvested restricted shares		393	122
Shares used in diluted net income per share calculations	21	581	21,228
Basic and diluted net income per common share:	\$	0.04	\$ 0.01

4. Credit Facilities and Other Debt

Domestic Credit Facilities

North Mill Capital Credit Facility

The Company has a secured revolving credit facility in the United States and Canada (the "NM Credit Facility") with North Mill Capital, LLC, d/b/a SLR Business Credit ("NM").

In order to obtain, document and govern the NM Credit Facility: SGRP and certain of its direct and indirect subsidiaries in the United States and Canada, namely SPAR Marketing Force, Inc. ("SMF"), and SPAR Canada Company ("SCC") and SPAR Canada, Inc., SPAR Acquisition, Inc., SPAR Assembly and Installation, Inc., and SPAR Trademarks, Inc. (together with SGRP, each a "NM Guarantor" and collectively, the "NM Guarantors", and together with SMF and SCC, each a "NM Loan Party" and collectively, the "NM Loan Parties"), entered into 18-month individual Loan and Security Agreements with NM dated as of April 10, 2019.

On January 5, 2021, the NM Loan Parties and NM executed and delivered a Waiver and Modification Agreement entered in as of January 4, 2021, and effective as of December 31, 2020 (the "First Modification Agreement"), pursuant to which NM and the NM Loan Parties agreed to extend the NM Loan Agreements from October 2021 to April 10, 2022, and increased the amounts of the credit facilities for SMF to \$14.5 (USD) million in the USA and decreased the SCC facility to \$1.5 (CDN) million in Canada; in addition the First Modification Agreement increased SMF's borrowing base availability for unbilled receivables to up to 70% from January 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021, which thereafter reverts to 65%, and increased the unbilled cap for SMF to \$4.5 million (USD) from \$3.9 million (USD). SCC's facility received similar increases.

The credit facility continues to require the NM Borrowers to pay interest on the loans thereunder equal to (A) Prime Rate designated by Wells Fargo Bank, plus (B) one hundred twenty-five basis points (1.25%) or a minimum of 6.75%. In addition, the Company continues to pay a facility fee to NM of 1.5% for the first \$10.5 million loan balance, or \$157,500 per year over the term of the agreement, plus a \$15,000 one-time fee for each incremental \$1 million increase in loan balance up to \$14.5 million. Additionally, for the First Modification Agreement, SPAR paid NM a fee of \$7,500 and agreed to reimburse NM's legal and documentation fees.

On March 22, 2021, NM Loan Parties and NM executed and delivered a Second Modification Agreement entered in as of March 22, 2021, and effective as of April 1, 2021 (the "Second Modification Agreement"), pursuant to which NM and the NM Loan Parties agreed to extend the NM Loan Agreements from April 10, 2022 to October 10, 2023, and increased the amounts of the credit facilities for SMF to \$16.5 (USD) million in the USA while the SCC facility remained at \$1.5 (CDN) million in Canada; in addition, the Second Modification Agreement increased SMF's borrowing base availability for unbilled receivables to up to 70% permanently, and increased the unbilled cap for SMF to \$5.5 (USD) million from \$4.5 (USD) million. The amended agreement (together, the "NM Notes") will require the NM Borrowers to pay interest on the loans thereunder equal to: (A) Prime Rate designated by Wells Fargo Bank, plus; (B) one hundred twenty-five basis points (0.95%) or a minimum of 5.25%. In addition, the Company continues to pay a facility fee to NM of 0.8% decreased from 1.5% for the first \$10.5 million loan balance, or \$84,000 per year, over the term of the agreement, plus a \$15,000 one-time fee for each incremental \$1 million increase in loan balance up to \$16.5 million. Additionally, the early termination fee has decreased from 1.0% to 0.85% of the advance limit.

On March 31, 2021, the aggregate interest rate was 6.75% per annum, and the outstanding loan balance was \$11.8 million. Outstanding amounts are classified as short-term debt.

Revolving loans are available to the Borrowers under the NM Credit Facility based upon the borrowing base formula defined in the NM Loan Agreement.

The NM Credit Facility contains certain financial and other restrictive covenants and also limits certain expenditures by the NM Borrowers, including, maintaining a positive trailing EBITDA for each Borrower, limits on non-ordinary course payments ad transactions, incurring or guarantying indebtedness, increases in executive, officer or director compensation, capital expenditures and other investments. The Company was in compliance of such covenants as of March 31, 2021.

Fifth Third Credit Facility - Resource Plus

One of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries, Resource Plus of North Florida, Inc. ("Resource Plus"), is a party to a revolving line of credit facility (the "Fifth Third Credit Facility") from Fifth Third Bank for \$3.5 million, which is currently scheduled to become due on June 16, 2022.

Revolving loans of up to \$3.5 million are available to Resource Plus under the Fifth Third Credit Facility based upon the borrowing base formula defined in the agreement (principally 80% of "eligible" accounts receivable less certain reserves). As of March 31, 2021, there was no outstanding balance. The Fifth Third Credit Facility is secured by substantially all assets of Resource Plus.

The Fifth Third Credit Facility currently requires Resource Plus to pay interest on the loans thereunder equal to (A) the Daily LIBOR Rate (as defined in the agreement) per annum, plus (B) two hundred fifty basis points (2.50%). On March 31, 2021, the aggregate interest rate under that formula was 3.6% per annum. The Fifth Third Credit Facility contains a debt service charge coverage ratio financial covenant requiring Resource Plus to maintain a minimum of ratio of 1.2 for available cash flow to fixed charges, as defined in the agreement. Resource Plus was in compliance of the covenant as of March 31, 2021.

Resource Plus - Seller Notes

Effective with the closing of the Resource Plus acquisition, the Company entered into promissory notes with the sellers totaling \$2.3 million. The notes are payable in annual installments at various amounts due on December 31st of each year starting with December 31, 2018 and continuing through December 31, 2023. As such these notes are classified as both short term and long term for the appropriate amounts. The total balance owed at March 31, 2021 was approximately \$1.3 million.

International Credit Facilities:

SPARFACTS Australia Pty. Ltd. has a secured line of credit facility with National Australia Bank, effective October 31, 2017, for \$800,000 (Australian) or approximately \$608,659 USD (based upon the exchange rate at March 31, 2021). The facility provides for borrowing based upon a formula, as defined in the agreement (principally 80% of eligible accounts receivable less certain deductions). The outstanding balance with National Australia Bank as of March 31, 2021 was \$12,076 (Australian) or \$9,188 USD and is due on demand.

SPAR China has secured a loan with Industrial Bank for 3.0 million Chinese Yuan or approximately \$460,000 USD (based upon exchange rate at March 31, 2021). The loan will expire December 17, 2021. The annual interest rate was 6.0% as of March 31, 2021. The outstanding balance with Industrial Bank as of March 31, 2021 was 3.0 million Chinese Yuan or \$460,000 USD and is due on demand.

SPAR China has secured a loan with CCB Bank for 1.0 million Chinese Yuan or approximately \$153,000 USD (based upon exchange rate at March 31, 2021). The annual interest rate was 6.0% as of March 31, 2021. The outstanding balance with Industrial Bank as of March 31, 2021 was 1.0 million Chinese Yuan or \$153,000 USD and is due on demand.

Effective February 4, 2020, SPAR Todopromo established a line of credit facility with Ve Por Mas for 8.0 million Mexican Pesos or approximately \$390,096 USD (based upon the exchange rate at March 31, 2021). The line expires on May 2021. The variable interest rate is TIIE plus 3.0% resulting in a rate of 7.3% as of March 31, 2021. There was no outstanding balance as of March 31, 2021.

SPAR Todopromo has secured a line of credit facility with BBVA Bancomer for 5.0 million Mexican Pesos, or approximately \$243,810 USD (based upon the exchange rate at March 31, 2021). The revolving line of credit expires May 2021. The variable interest rate is TIIE plus 5.2% resulting in a rate of 9.6% as of March 31, 2021. The outstanding balance with Bancomer as of March 31, 2021 was 5.0 million Mexican Pesos or \$243,810 USD and is due on demand

	Interest Rate as of March 31,						
	2021	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Australia - National Australia Bank	6.56%	9				-	
China - Industrial Bank	6.00%	460	-	-	-	-	-
China - CCB Bank	6.00%	153	-	-	-	-	-
Mexico - Ve Por Mas	7.30%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mexico - Bancomer Bank	9.60%	244	-	-	-	-	-
USA - North Mill Capital	6.75%	11,774	-	-	-	-	-
USA - Fifth Third Bank	3.60%	-	-	-	-	-	-
USA - Resource Plus Seller Notes	1.85%	300	300	700	-	-	-
Total		\$ 12,940	\$ 300	\$ 700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Summary of Unused Company Credit and Other Debt Facilities (in thousands):

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
<u>Unused Availability:</u>		
United States / Canada	\$ 6,726	\$ 10,238
Australia	599	463
Mexico	390	262
Total Unused Availability	\$ 7,715	\$ 10,963

Management believes that based upon the continuation of the Company's existing credit facilities, projected results of operations, vendor payment requirements and other financing available to the Company (including amounts due to affiliates), sources of cash availability should be manageable and sufficient to support ongoing operations over the next year. However, delays in collection of receivables due from any of the Company's major clients, or a significant reduction in business from such clients could have a material adverse effect on the Company's cash resources and its ongoing ability to fund operations.

5. Related-Party Transactions

SPAR's policy respecting approval of transactions with related persons, promoters and control persons is contained in the SPAR Group Code of Ethical Conduct for its Directors, Executives, Officers, Employees, Consultants and other Representatives Amended and Restated (as of) March 15, 2018 (the "Ethics Code"). The Ethics Code is intended to promote and reward honest, ethical, respectful and professional conduct by each director, executive, officer, employee, consultant and other representative of any of SGRP and its subsidiaries (together with SGRP, "SPAR" or the "Company") and each other Covered Person (as defined in the Ethics Code) in his or her position with the Company anywhere in the world, including (among other things) serving each customer, dealing with each vendor and treating each other with integrity and respect, and behaving honestly, ethically and professionally with each customer, each vendor, each other and the Company. Article II of the Ethics Code specifically prohibits various forms of self-dealing (including dealing with relatives) and collusion and Article V of the Ethics Code generally prohibits each "Covered Person" (including SGRP's officers and directors) from using or disclosing the Confidential Information of the Company or any of its customers or vendors, seeking or accepting anything of value from any competitor, customer, vendor, or other person relating to doing business with the Company, or engaging in any business activity that conflicts with his or her duties to the Company, and directs each "Covered Person" to avoid any activity or interest that is inconsistent with the best interests of the SPAR Group, in each case except for any "Approved Activity" (as such terms are defined in the Ethics Code). Examples of violations include (among other things) having any ownership interest in, acting as a director or officer of or otherwise personally benefiting from business with any competitor, customer or vendor of the Company other than pursuant to any Approved Activity. Approved Activities include anything disclosed to and approved by SGRP's Board of Directors (the "Board"), its Governance Committee or its Audit Committee, as required and the case may be, as well as the ownership, board, executive and other positions held in and services and other contributions to affiliates of SGRP and its subsidiaries by certain directors, officers or employees of SGRP, any of its subsidiaries or any of their respective family members. The Governance Committee and Audit Committee each consist solely of independent outside directors (see Domestic Related Party Services, Affinity Insurance and Related Reimbursement Dispute, International Related Party Services, Other Related Party Transactions and Arrangements, and SBS Bankruptcy, Settlement and March 2020 Claim, below).

SPAR's Audit Committee has the specific duty and responsibility to review and approve the overall fairness to the Company and terms of all material related-party transactions. The Audit Committee receives affiliate contracts and amendments thereto for its review and approval (to the extent approval is given), and these contracts are periodically (often annually) again reviewed, in accordance with the Audit Committee Charter, the Ethics Code, the rules of the Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Nasdaq"), and other applicable law to ensure that the overall economic and other terms will be (or continue to be) no less favorable to the Company than would be the case in an arms-length contract with an unrelated provider of similar services (i.e., its overall fairness to the Company, including pricing, payments to related parties, and the ability to provide services at comparable performance levels). The Audit Committee periodically reviews all related party relationships and transactions described below.

Domestic Related Party Services:

Domestic Related Party Services and Disputes

SPAR Business Services, Inc. ("SBS"), SPAR Administrative Services, Inc. ("SAS"), and SPAR InfoTech, Inc. ("Infotech"), have provided services from time to time to the Company and are related parties and affiliates of SGRP, but are not under the control or part of the consolidated Company. SBS is an affiliate because it is owned by SBS LLC which in turn is beneficially owned by Robert G. Brown, director, chairman of the Board, and significant shareholder of SGRP. SAS is an affiliate because it is owned by William H. Bartels, also a director and significant shareholder of SGRP, and certain relatives of Robert G. Brown or entities controlled by them (each of whom are considered affiliates of the Company for related party purposes). Infotech is an affiliate because it is owned principally by Robert G. Brown. Mr. Bartels and Robert G. Brown (collectively, the "Majority Shareholder") own approximately 53.2% of SGRP's outstanding shares and together have formed a control group and periodically filed an amended Schedule 13D with the SEC, in which they each acknowledged that they "may be deemed to comprise a 'group' within the meaning of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934" and "may act in concert with respect to certain matters", including written consents and various listed items.

The Company executes its domestic field services through the services of field merchandising, auditing, assembly and other field personnel (each a "Field Specialist"), and a significant portion of them are provided to the Company and engaged by independent third parties and located, scheduled, deployed and administered domestically through the services of local, regional, district and other personnel (each a "Field Administrator"), and a significant portion of the Field Administrators are in turn are employed by other independent third parties.

Prior to July 2018, substantially all of the services of the Field Specialists were supplied to the Company by SBS, and substantially all of the services of the Field Administrators were supplied to the Company by SAS. The Company terminated the services of SBS effective July 27, 2018 and engaged another independent field vendor to replace those field services previously provided by SBS (other than in California). The Company similarly terminated SAS and has engaged another independent third-party company to replace those administrative services formerly provided by SAS, effective August 1, 2018.

Affinity Insurance and Related Reimbursement Dispute:

SMF, a wholly-owned subsidiary of SGRP that provides merchandising and marketing service to its clients throughout the United States through (among other things) services provided by others, is owed \$675,000 for security deposit advances and \$226,000 for quarterly premium advances made by SMF (as described below) to SAS.

Affinity Insurance Company, Ltd. ("<u>Affinity</u>") is a captive insurance company that provides insurance and reinsurance products to its shareholders and their affiliates in exchange for payment of premium installments, posting of security collateral and other requirements, and subject to adjustments and assessments. SAS is a shareholder and member of Affinity and has been since approximately 2000. SMF became a direct shareholder and member of Affinity in March 2018 in order to directly procure insurance for the domestic employees of the Company.

The business services SAS provided to, or on behalf of, SMF included insurance coverages for SMF and other SGRP employees domestically for SAS' Field Administrators and other employees and for the Field Specialists provided by SBS to SMF through the termination by SMF of SBS' services effective on or about July 31, 2018, all in connection with services provided by SMF to its clients. In connection with the business services provided by

SAS, and based on arrangements between the parties, the Affinity insurance premiums for such coverage were ultimately charged (through SAS) for their fair share of the costs of that insurance to SMF, SAS (which then charges the Company) and SBS.

At the time SMF terminated SAS's services; the security deposit that SAS provided to Affinity to procure insurance coverage on behalf of SMF was approximately \$965,000. SMF financed approximately \$675,000 of that security deposit. During 2020, SAS received \$426,795 of the security deposit refund in cash and applied almost all of the remaining balance toward various fees as payments. SMF has demanded repayment of its advances to SAS from these recent refunds received from Affinity, but SAS has refused. SAS has recently stated it has no funds available to remit to SMF even though they have repeatedly acknowledged SAS owes these advances to SMF.

In a related matter, SMF also advanced monies to SAS to fund the payments that SAS was obligated to pay to Affinity for quarterly premium installments. SMF advanced and SAS accrued a liability of approximately \$226,000 for monies advanced by SMF to SAS for such quarterly premium installments. Affinity is obligated to refund any excess premiums and in fact in May of 2020, Affinity refunded \$94,414 of those premium payments to SAS.

On July 8, 2020 the Company issued a demand notice to SAS for the return of \$901,000 (the \$675,000 security advances and the \$226,000 premium advances) but to-date SAS has refused to comply with this demand. The Company has subsequently prepared the draft of a complaint to be filed in the Supreme Court of the State of New York in Westchester County, NY, seeking appropriate relief and recovery from SAS and other related parties. Filing of the complaint has been delayed due to transition of new management and is currently still pending.

The Company recorded a reserve for the full \$901,000 in such receivables in 2018 but has not and will not release SAS' obligations to repay those amounts.

SAS is claiming alleged ongoing post-termination expenses, but SMF believes that no post-termination expenses are required to be paid to SAS for its expenses following the termination of SAS' services two years ago in July 2018.

Other Domestic Related Party Transactions

National Merchandising Services, LLC ("NMS"), is a consolidated domestic subsidiary of the Company and is owned jointly by SPAR through its indirect ownership of 51% of the NMS membership interests and by National Merchandising of America, Inc. ("NMA"), through its ownership of the other 49% of the NMS membership interests. Mr. Edward Burdekin is the Chief Executive Officer and President and a director of NMS and also is an executive officer and director of NMA. Ms. Andrea Burdekin, Mr. Burdekin's wife, is the sole stockholder and a director of NMA and a director of NMS. NMA is an affiliate of the Company but is not under the control of or consolidated with the Company. Mr. Burdekin also owns 100% of National Store Retail Services ("NSRS"). Since September 2018, NSRS provided substantially all of the domestic merchandising specialist field force used by NMS. For those services, NMS agrees to reimburse NSRS certain costs for providing those services plus a premium ranging from 4.0% to 10.0% of certain costs.

Also, NMS leases office and operational space that is owned personally by Mr. Burdekin. The lease expense is \$2,000 a month. While there is no formal signed agreement, there is no expected change to the arrangement.

On August 10, 2019, NMS, to protect continuity of its Field Specialist nationwide, petitioned for bankruptcy protection under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code in the U.S. District for Nevada (the "NMS Chapter 11 Case"). On March 22, 2021, the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada closed the Chapter 11 case.

Resource Plus is a consolidated domestic subsidiary of the Company and is owned jointly by SGRP through its indirect ownership of 51% of the Resource Plus membership interests and by Mr. Richard Justus through his ownership of the other 49% of the Resource Plus membership interests. Mr. Justus has a 50% ownership interest in RJ Holdings which owns the buildings where Resource Plus is headquartered and operates. Both buildings are subleased to Resource Plus.

International Related Party Services:

SGRP Meridian (Pty), Ltd. ("Meridian") is a consolidated international subsidiary of the Company and is owned 51% by SGRP, 23% by Friedshelf 401 Proprietary Limited and 26% by Lindicom Empowerment Holdings Proprietary Limited. Mr. Adrian Wingfield, who is a Director of CMR Meridian, is one of the beneficial owners of Merhold Holding Trust ("MHT"). MHT owns the building where Meridian is headquartered.

SPAR Todopromo is a consolidated international subsidiary of the Company and is owned 51% by SGRP and 49% by the following individuals: Mr. Juan F. Medina Domenzain ("JFMD"), Juan Medina Staines, Julia Cesar Hernandez Vanegas, and Jorge Medina Staines. Mr. Juan F. Medina Domenzain is an officer and director of SPAR Todopromo and is also majority shareholder (90%) of CONAPAD ("CON") which had supplied administrative and operational consulting support to SPAR Todopromo from 2016 to November 2020.

JFMD, partner in SPAR Todopromo, leased a warehouse to SPAR Todopromo. The lease expires on December 31, 2021.

SPAR BSMT is owned 51% by the Company, 39% by JK Consultoria Empresarial Ltda.-ME, a Brazilian limitada ("JKC"), and 10% by EILLC. In November 2020, SPAR BSMT hired Peter Brown as a consultant to provide Brazil acquisition strategy services to SPAR BSMT, with a one-time initiation fee of \$30,000 Brazilian Real and a monthly fee of \$15,000 Brazilian Real effective December 1, 2020; on January 6, 2021, he resigned from the Audit Committee in accordance with Nasdaq Rules.

JKC is owned by Mr. Jonathan Dagues Martins, a Brazilian citizen and resident ("JDM") and his sister, Ms. Karla Dagues Martins, a Brazilian citizen and resident. JDM is the Chief Executive Officer and President of each SPAR Brazil company pursuant to a Management Agreement between JDM and SPAR BSMT dated September 13, 2016. JDM also is a director of SPAR BSMT. Accordingly, JKC and JDM are each a related party respecting the Company. EILLC is owned by Mr. Peter W. Brown, a citizen and resident of the USA ("PWB") and a director of SPAR BSMT and SGRP and nephew of Robert G. Brown. See *Re-determining Independence of Peter W. Brown*, below.

SPAR BSMT has contracted with Ms. Karla Dagues Martins, JDM's sister and a part owner of SPAR BSMT, to handle the labor litigation cases for SPAR BSMT and its subsidiaries. These legal services are being provided to them by Ms. Martins' company, Karla Martins Sociedade de Advogados ("KMSA"). Accordingly, Ms. Karla Dagues Martins is an affiliate and a related party respecting of the Company.

Summary of Certain Related Party Transactions:

The following costs of affiliates were charged to the Company (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended March 31,			
	20)21	2020		
Services provided by affiliates:					
National Store Retail Services (NSRS)		1,840	1,342		
Office lease expenses (Mr. Burdekin)		6	6		
Office lease expenses (RJ Holdings)		228	173		
Office and vehicle lease expenses (MPT)		17	16		
Vehicle rental expenses (MCPT)		12	299		
Office and vehicle rental expenses (MHT)		29	73		
Consulting and administrative services (CON)		-	12		
Legal Services (KMSA)		14	23		
Warehousing rental (JFMD)		12	13		
Consulting and administrative fees (SPARFACTS)		76	31		
Total services provided by affiliates	\$	2,234 \$	1,988		

Due to affiliates consists of the following (in thousands):	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Loans from local investors:(1)		
Australia	\$ 578	\$ 586
Mexico	623	623
Brazil	139	139
China	1,740	1,746
South Africa	1,223	415
Resource Plus	266	266
Total due to affiliates	\$ 4,569	\$ 3,775

⁽¹⁾ Represent loans from the local investors into the Company's subsidiaries (representing their proportionate share of working capital loans). The loans have no payment terms and are due on demand and as such have been classified as current liabilities in the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Bartels' Retirement and Director Compensation

William H. Bartels retired as an employee of the Company as of January 1, 2020. However, he continues to serve as a member of SPAR's Board of Directors (the "Board"), positions he has held since July 8, 1999. Mr. Bartels is also one of the founders and a significant stockholder of SGRP (holding approximately 25.1% of the SGRP Shares). He is also part of the 13D control group holding a majority of the SGRP Shares with Robert G. Brown.

Effective as of January 18, 2020, SPAR's Governance Committee proposed and unanimously approved the following benefits for the five year period commencing January 1, 2020, and ending December 31, 2024 (the "Five Year Period"), for Mr. Bartels in connection with his retirement: (a) retirement payments of \$100,000 per year ("Retirement Compensation"); (b) the then applicable regular non-employee director fees ("Regular Fees"), currently \$55,000 per year, and a supplemental Board fee of \$50,000 per year ("Supplemental Fees"); and (c) the same medical, dental, eye and life insurance benefits he received as of December 31, 2019, under an arrangement whereby Mr. Bartels shared part of the cost of Medicare and supplemental health benefits, currently valued at approximately \$15,588 per year ("Medical Benefits"); in each case paid in accordance with SGRP's payroll schedule and policies, and payable whether or not Mr. Bartels remains a director of SGRP for any reason.

The Retirement Compensation, Regular Fees and Supplemental Fees that remain unpaid during the Five-Year Period: (i) shall be accelerated and paid to Mr. Bartels (or his heirs or assigns) in full upon the sale to a third party of a majority of the SGRP Shares or all or substantially all of SGRP's assets; and (ii) shall survive and be payable in full to his heirs and assigns in the event of the death of Mr. Bartels.

Based on current rates and benefits, the aggregate value of such compensation, fees and benefits payable to Mr. Bartels will be approximately \$220,558 per year and a total of \$1,102,790 for the Five-Year Period. Such compensation, fees and benefits (in whole or in part) may be extended beyond the Five-Year Period at the discretion of the Board. The Company recognized \$700,000 of retirement benefits in 2020, representing the present value of the future payments due Mr. Bartels.

In the event of any future business transaction involving Mr. Bartels and SPAR for which Bartels may receive additional compensation as mutually agreed at the time of or in connection with such transaction, which under applicable law also will require approval of SPAR's Audit Committee as a related party payment or transaction (as Mr. Bartels will still be a related party if he is then a director or significant stockholder), such retirement compensation, fees or benefits will not offset, replace or limit any such additional approved transactional compensation payable to Mr. Bartels.

Loan to Majority Shareholders

On March 25, 2021, the Company has entered a short-term loan agreement with Mr. William H. Bartels, for the total amount of \$100,000. The loan shall bear interest at a fixed annual rate equal to 2% per annum through the maturity date of May 25, 2021. After the maturity date, all outstanding obligations shall bear interest until paid in full at the fixed annual rate equal to 6% per annum, compounded monthly. Mr. Bartels has agreed to secure the obligations with equivalent shares of common stock issued by SPAR Group, Inc.

Re-determining Independence of Peter W. Brown

The Governance Committee re-evaluated the independence of Peter W. Brown and determined, effective July 16, 2020, that Peter W. Brown could be considered independent except for related party matters and that he would not be voting on related party matters. A "Related Party Matter" means anything directly or indirectly related to any payment to or for, or any transaction, settlement or litigation with: (i) Robert G. Brown, William H. Bartels, any of their respective family members, or any company or other business or entity (other than the Corporation) directly or indirectly owned or controlled by any one or more of Mr. Brown, Mr. Bartels or their respective family members; (ii) Mr. Jonathan Dagues Martins, any of his family members, or any company or other business or entity directly owned or controlled by any one or more of Mr. Martins or his family members; (iii) Earth Investments, LLC, or any other company or other business or entity directly or indirectly owned or controlled by any one or more of Peter W. Brown or his family members; or (iv) SGRP Brasil Participações Ltda., SPAR Brasil Serviços de Merchandising e Tecnologia S.A., or any of the Corporation's other Brazilian subsidiaries.

Peter W. Brown was appointed as a Director on the Board as of May 3, 2018, replacing Mr. Robert G. Brown upon his retirement from the Board and Company at that date. Peter W. Brown has been re-determined to be an independent director except for Related Party Matters (see above). However, Peter W. Brown remains an affiliate and related party respecting SGRP and was proposed by Mr. Robert G. Brown to represent the Brown family interests. He worked for and is a stockholder of SAS (see above) and certain of its affiliates, he is the nephew of Mr. Robert G. Brown, SPAR BSMT and owns EILLC, which owns 10% interest in the SGRP's Brazilian subsidiary.

In November, 2020, SPAR BSMT hired Peter W. Brown as a consultant to provide Brazil acquisition strategy services to SPAR BSMT, with a one-time initiation fee of \$30,000 Brazilian Real and a monthly fee of \$15,000 Brazilian Real effective December 1, 2020, and on January 6, 2021, he resigned from the Audit Committee as he was no longer sufficiently independent for membership on the Audit Committee in accordance with Nasdaq Rules.

Other Related Party Transactions and Arrangements:

In July 1999, SMF, SBS and SIT entered into a perpetual software ownership agreement providing that each party independently owned an undivided share of and has the right to unilaterally license and exploit certain portions of the Company's proprietary scheduling, tracking, coordination, reporting and expense software (the "Co-Owned Software") are co-owned with SBS and Infotech and each entered into a non-exclusive royalty-free license from the Company to use certain "SPAR" trademarks in the United States (the "Licensed Marks").

6. Preferred Stock

SGRP's certificate of incorporation authorizes it to issue 3,000,000 shares of preferred stock with a par value of \$0.01 per share (the "SGRP Preferred Stock"), which may have such preferences and priorities over the SGRP Common Stock and other rights, powers and privileges as the Company's Board of Directors may establish in its discretion from time to time. The Company has created and authorized the issuance of a maximum of 3,000,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock pursuant to SGRP's Certificate of Designation of Series "A" Preferred Stock (the "SGRP Series A Preferred Stock"), which have dividend and liquidation preferences, have a cumulative dividend of 10% per year, are redeemable at the Company's option and are convertible at the holder's option (and without further consideration) on a one-to-one basis into SGRP Common Stock. The Company issued 554,402 of SGRP shares to affiliated retirement plans, which were all converted into common shares in 2011 (including dividends earned thereon), leaving 2,445,598 shares of remaining authorized preferred stock. At March 31, 2021, no shares of SGRP Series A Preferred Stock were issued and outstanding.

7. Stock-Based Compensation and Other Plans

As of March 31, 2021, there were awards representing 585,000 shares of SGRP's Common Stock that had been granted under the 2018 Plan (565,000 of which remain outstanding), and awards representing 3,044,927 shares of SGRP's Common Stock outstanding under the 2008 Plan. After May 31, 2019, the 2018 Plan ended and no further grants can be made under the 2018 Plan respecting such shares of SGRP's Common Stock.

The Company recognized \$99,000 and \$25,000 in stock-based compensation expense relating to stock option awards during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The tax benefit available from stock-based compensation expense related to stock option during both the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 was approximately \$25,000 and \$6,000 respectively. As of March 31, 2021, total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to stock options was \$1.0 million.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company recognized approximately \$5,000 and \$0, respectively, of stock-based compensation expense related to restricted stock. The tax benefit available to the Company from stock based compensation expense related to restricted stock during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 was approximately \$1,000 and \$0, respectively. As of March 31, 2021, there was \$45,000 unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to unvested restricted stock awards.

2020 Plan

The Board authorized and approved the revised proposed 2020 stock compensation plan of SPAR Group, Inc. (the "2020 Plan"), which was submitted to and approved by the Corporation's stockholders at the Special Meeting of SGRP's stockholders on January 19, 2021(the "2020 Plan Effective Date"). The 2020 Plan became effective immediately upon such approval, and the 2020 Plan will govern all options issued thereafter. Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the 2020 Plan.

The 2020 Plan: (a) has four-month term from the 2020 Plan Effective Date (as defined below) through May 1, 2021 (the "20-21 Period"); (b) provides for the issuance of "non-qualified" option awards to purchase shares of SGRP's Common Stock ("SGRP Shares") aggregating: (i) 550,000 SGRP Shares plus; and (ii) 50,000 SGRP Shares for each of up to the first three additional new Directors during the period December 1, 2020, to April 30, 2021 (for a possible total of 700,000 SGRP Shares) available for future Awards during the 20-21 Period as outlined below (the "20-21 Maximum") under 2020 Plan.; Since one new director joined the Board on the 2020 Plan Effective Date, 600,000 SGRP Shares were available for Awards on the 2020 Plan Effective Date. After making the contemplated awards after the 2020 Plan Effective Date, the remaining availability for future new awards for options to purchase will be 35,000 SGRP Shares unless new directors join the Board between January 19, 2021 and April 1, 2021.

Under the 2020 Plan, the Company (through its Compensation Committee with Board approval) may from time-to-time grant Awards in the form of nonqualified stock options ("NQSOs"), respecting SGRP Shares to and the Company's specified executives and employees and directors. However, unlike the 2008 Plan and 2018 Plan, the 2020 Plan does not permit the granting of incentive stock options ("ISOs"), stock appreciation rights based on SGRP Shares ("SARs"), restricted SGRP Shares ("Restricted Stock"), or restricted stock units based on SGRP Shares ("RSUs").

The 2020 Plan: required the Company to issue as of the 2020 Plan: Effective Date new awards for options to purchase: (i) an aggregate of 125,000 SGRP Shares to 19 employees (other than the Named Executive Officers) in individual amounts designated by the Board; (ii) 10,000 SGRP Shares to each of Panagiotis N. Lazaretos, Igor Novgorodtsev, Robert G. Brown, and Arthur H. Baer (each a director); and (iii) 50,000 SGRP Shares to each member of the Board of Directors on the Effective Date of the Plan. Those options were granted by the Board on February 4, 2021. The 2020 Plan terminated on May 1, 2021, and no further options were granted under it.

Summary of the 2020 Plan

The 2020 Plan and 2018 Plan and information regarding options, thereunder are summarized below, but these descriptions are subject to and are qualified in their entirety by the full text of the 2020 Plan. Unless again amended and extended (as approved by SGRP's stockholders), the 2020 Plan terminated on May 1, 2021, and thereafter no further Awards may be made under it unless additional time and shares are added to it in an amendment approved by the Board and stockholders. Awards granted prior to the end the final term of the 2020 Plan shall continue to be governed by the 2020 Plan (which 2020 Plan shall continue in full force and effect for that purpose).

Subject to the terms and conditions and within the limitations of the 2020 Plan, the Compensation Committee has the power and authority to recommend to the Board for Board approval: (i) the persons who shall be granted Awards under the 2020 Plan; (ii) when they shall receive Awards and the applicable grant dates; (iii) the standard term of each award, including any provisions for early termination or forfeiture; (iv) the method or formula for determining: (A) the date each option shall become exercisable; (B) whether the installments shall be cumulative; and (C) the date each installment shall become exercisable or vest and the term of each installment; (v) the form of payment of the exercise price for any option; (vi) the method or formula for determining: (A) the exercise price of each option; and (B) the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock for all purposes of the Plan; (vii) whether and under what conditions to subject the exercise or vesting of all or any portion of an award to the fulfillment of certain restrictions or contingencies,

including (without limitation) restrictions or contingencies relating to: (A) entering into a covenant not to compete with any SGRP Company; (B) financial objectives for the Corporation, any of its Subsidiaries, a division, a product line or other category; and/or (C) the period of continued employment or consulting of the awardee with any SGRP Company, and in each case to determine whether such restrictions or contingencies have been met; (viii) the method or formula for determining the amount, if any, necessary to satisfy the obligation to withhold taxes or other amounts with respect to any award; (ix) whether to cancel or modify an award either with or without the consent of the Awardee or as provided in the Contract, provided, however, that any modified provision is permitted to be included in an Award granted under the 2020 Plan on the date of the modification, and provided, further, that in the case of a modification (within the meaning of Section 424(h) of the Code) of an ISO, such option as modified would be permitted to be granted on the date of such modification under the terms of the 2020 Plan; (x) how to construe the respective Contracts and the 2020 Plan; and (xi) the policies, rules and regulations relating to the 2020 Plan and how and when to prescribe, amend and rescind the same.

The 2020 Plan sets and limits the maximum number of shares of Common Stock that may be issued pursuant to Awards made under the 2020 Plan to the 20-21 Maximum during the 20-21 Period, subject to adjustment as provided in the 2020 Plan (see below).

The employees, officers and directors of the providing services to the Company (collectively, the "Participants") under the 2020 Plan may be (and under the 2018 Plan may have been) granted certain Equity Compensation Awards based on SGRP Shares. There are approximately 120 employees, officers and directors who currently meet the eligibility requirements to participate in the 2020 Plan.

Like the 2018 Plan, the 2020 Plan permits the granting of awards consisting of non-qualified options to purchase shares of SGRP Shares Common Stock ("NQSOs" or "Options"). However (unlike the 2018 Plan and 2008 Plan), the 2020 Plan does not permit granting options that qualify under Section 422 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended (the "Code") for treatment as incentive stock options ("Incentive Stock Options" or "ISOs") stock appreciation rights based on SGRP Shares ("SARs"), restricted SGRP Shares ("Restricted Stock"), and restricted stock units based on SGRP Shares ("RSUs").

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Matters

The Company is a party to various legal actions and administrative proceedings arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of Company's management, resolution of these matters is not anticipated to have a material adverse effect on the Company or its estimated or desired affiliates, assets, business, clients, capital, cash flow, credit, expenses, financial condition, income, legal costs, liabilities, liquidity, locations, marketing, operations, prospects, sales, strategies, taxation or other achievement, results or condition.

RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY LITIGATION:

SBS, SAS, and Infotech, provided services up until 2018 to the Company and are related parties and affiliates of SGRP, but were not under the control or part of the consolidated Company. SBS was an affiliate because it is owned by an entity controlled by Mr. Robert G. Brown and prior to November 2018 was owned by Mr. Robert G. Brown and Mr. William H. Bartels. SAS was an affiliate because it is owned by Mr. William H. Bartels, Mr. Peter W. Brown and certain other relatives of Mr. Robert G. Brown or entities controlled by them (each of whom are considered affiliates of the Company for related party purposes). Infotech was an affiliate because it is owned by Mr. Robert G. Brown. Messrs. Brown and Bartels (including, as applicable, certain related parties, the "Majority Stockholders") collectively own approximately 53.2% of SGRP's common stock and were the founders of SGRP. Mr. Robert G. Brown is a significant shareholder of SGRP, a member of a 13D control group, SGRP's former Chairman and Director of SGRP, became a director again on April 24, 2020, pursuant to the written consents of Robert G. Brown, William H. Bartels and related parties, and became the Chairman of the SGRP Board again on March 18, 2021. Mr. William H. Bartels is a Director of SGRP. Mr. William H. Bartels retired as an employee of the Company as of January 1, 2020. Messrs. Brown, Bartels and related parties also are shareholders, directors and/or executive officers of various affiliates of SGRP.

Advancement Claims

From October 2018 through January 2019, Robert G. Brown and William H. Bartels, in a series of correspondence, demanded from SGRP advancement and indemnification of their respective shares of legal fees and expenses incurred by them in connection with the Delaware Actions and other related party litigation matters.

SGRP denied Mr. Bartels' claims for advancement and indemnification because Mr. Bartels was sued predominately as a stockholder in the By-Laws Action and not as a director. Mr. Bartels sued SPAR for advancement as a sitting director. Counsel advised SGRP that generally advancement was somewhat different than indemnification as money was advanced on the condition to be repaid if indemnification was determined to be improper and that Mr. Bartels was a sitting director. In April 2019, SGRP settled with Mr. Bartels, pursuant to which his action was dismissed and Mr. Bartels' accepted allocated By-Laws expenses of approximately \$106,000 were paid by SGRP.

On December 3, 2018, Robert G. Brown demanded advancement from SGRP for his proportionate share of the legal fees and expenses incurred by him in the Delaware Actions (the "Brown Advancement Demand"). Counsel advised that Brown had been sued as a stockholder and conspirator in the By-Laws Action against him, and not as a director, Brown was not a director at the time, and they didn't believe Brown could reasonably succeed in a lawsuit for advancement. SGRP, with the support of its Audit Committee, reject the Brown Advancement Demand.

On January 27, 2019, Mr. Robert G. Brown sent a draft of his proposed Delaware litigation complaint threatening to sue SGRP respecting the Brown Advancement Demand, which he repeated on February 2, 2019. Mr. Brown on several occasions has sent copies of that complaint to SGRP in 2020; and filed his complaint on his own behalf in the Delaware Court of Chancery on September 17, 2020; however, through April 30, 2021, no such complaint has been properly served by Mr. Brown. SGRP continues to deny the Brown Advancement Demand.

SBS Bankruptcy, Settlement and March 2020 Claim

In 2019, the Company filed claims against Robert G, Brown's company, SBS, in its federal bankruptcy proceeding in Nevada (the "SBS Chapter 11 Case") seeking reimbursement for \$378,838 for SMF's funding of the Affinity Security Deposits and \$12,963 for SMF's funding of field payment checks, and \$1,839,459 for indemnification of SGRP for its settlement (see below) of the Clothier class action case in California ("Clothier") and legal costs and an unspecified amount for indemnification of SGRP for the Hogan action (see below) and other to be discovered indemnified claims.

The Company settled with SBS pursuant to their Compromise and Settlement Agreement, dated July 26, 2019 (the "Settlement Agreement"). The Settlement Agreement was submitted to the court in the SBS Chapter 11 Case. Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, the Company settled its claims for (among other things) indemnification from SBS in the Clothier and the Rodgers class action case in Texas ("Rodgers"). See SBS Clothier Litigation, SBS and SGRP Hogan Litigation, and SBS Rodgers Litigation, below.

On August 6, 2019, the Bankruptcy Court approved the Settlement Agreement and the SBS reorganization pursuant to SBS' First Amended Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization, as amended by the Settlement Agreement (the "Plan of Reorganization"). Pursuant to its Plan of Reorganization, SBS also settled its potential liability in the Clothier and Rodgers cases, but the Company believes that Robert G. Brown and William H. Bartels were not released from Clothier, any related case or Rodgers. See SBS Rodgers Litigation, below. In the Settlement Agreement, except for the carve-out described below, SBS completely released the Company from all obligations that may be owed to SBS, and the Company's \$2.2 million in claims were settled for \$174,097, payable by SBS over 24 monthly installments starting January 1, 2020, and without any interest (collectively, the "Discounted Claim Payments"), as such terms are defined in the SBS Settlement Agreement.

On August 6, 2019, with the support of the Clothier and Rodgers plaintiffs and the Company, the Court approved the SBS Settlement Agreement and the SBS Reorganization pursuant to the SBS Plan (as defined in the SBS Settlement Release).

The SBS Settlement Agreement provides for a comprehensive mutual release of claims (the "SBS Releases"), including the SBS Claims and the SGRP Claims (as defined therein), except for the Discounted Claim Payments payable by SBS and the proven Unpaid A/R (as defined in the SBS Settlement Agreement) if any payable by the Company upon its determination. In the SBS Settlement Agreement, the parties agreed to have a third party financial and accounting services firm independently determine the Proven Unpaid A/R based on parameters set forth in the SBS Settlement Agreement and to accept that third party determination as final and binding. That third party financial and accounting services firm has determined that the Company had paid all amounts due to SBS and has no further obligation (the "Independent Final Determination").

The Company has recorded the total settlement amount of \$174,097 as of December 31, 2019. To date, SBS is in default of the first fifteen payments totaling \$108,810 and formal default notices have been sent to SBS. As of this date the Company believes these SBS payments must ultimately be paid by SBS and will continue to evaluate its collectability from SBS and establish reserves as appropriate. As of March 31, 2021, the total settlement amount has been reserved.

On March 6, 2020, Robert G. Brown, President, Director and indirect owner of SBS, sent an email communication on behalf of SBS demanding payment of \$1,707,374 to SBS from the Company pursuant to the SBS Settlement Agreement (the "March 2020 Claim"). The Company has reviewed the March 2020 Claim and disagrees that any such amount is owed. The Company has not accrued anything respecting Mr. Robert G. Brown's renewed claims.

At SGRP's March 2020 Board meeting, Mr. Bartels was requested by an independent director to compile a list of claims that he and Mr. Brown believe are owed to them by the Company. On March 17, 2020, that list was given to the Audit Committee Chairman and included additional claims, net of an anticipated reduction, totaling approximately \$1.3 million, bringing their total claims to approximately \$3 million. The Company has rejected these claims, and believes it was released from all such claims by SBS in the SBS Releases.

The March 2020 Claim includes estimates for the individual legal defenses of Robert G. Brown and William H. Bartels in the private attorney general action in California ("PAGA") and Texas ("Rodgers") in cases that do not involve and never included the Company and for which the Company believes it has no liability. The March 2020 Claim also includes defense expenses for the SBS Clothier case, which expenses SBS settled for a highly discounted amount in its bankruptcy reorganization but now wants the Company to pay in full. SBS in its bankruptcy reorganization settled its potential liability in the Rodgers and Clothier cases, and since July 2019, SBS has had no more defense expenses in those cases. SGRP settled Clothier separately and was never a party to the Rodgers case. However, the alleged continued willful misclassification by SBS of its independent contractors after the Clothier misclassification determination is the basis for the PAGA lawsuit against Brown and Bartels. See SBS Field Specialist Litigation, SBS Clothier Litigation, and SGRP Hogan Litigation below. Mr. Bartels' list also includes payments of \$500,000 per year to Robert G. Brown for extended retirement and advisory fees, although the Company has never proposed, committed or agreed to them and on several occasions specifically rejected Mr. Brown's proposals in various forms for them.

Mr. Robert G. Brown and Mr. Bartels have repeated their claims in discussions with SPAR's new CEO, Mike Matacunas, since he became SGRP's Chief Executive Officer in February 2021. They have also increased the amount of their claims to approximately \$5.6 million from \$3 million, for alleged incremental costs from April 2020 to-date of prior claims. The Company continues to reject these claims and maintains the same position.

At the Board Meeting on March 18, 2021, Mr. Bartels proposed a resolution that SGRP be responsible for the defense expenses of Mr. Bartels and Mr. Robert G. Brown in a series of arbitrations that stemmed from the claims of various former SBS independent contractors. The Company believes that those independent contractors also had been plaintiffs in the Rodgers lawsuit (see below), that in the SBS bankruptcy SBS settled with Rodgers and the Company, and that those independent contractors have sought arbitration against Mr. Bartels and Mr. Robert G. Brown as the SBS shareholders at the time, but have not sought and could not seek arbitration against SBS because of its bankruptcy. The Company reimbursed defense expenses incurred by SBS in Rodgers until SBS' services were terminated in July 2018. See SBS Field Specialist Litigation, below. The Company believes that SBS defended Robert G. Brown and William H. Bartels in Rodgers but is no longer doing so in Rodgers or the related arbitrations. On a motion duly made by Mr. Lazaretos and seconded, that resolution was approved by the Board with four votes in favor (Mr. Bartels, Mr. Robert G. Brown, Mr. Peter W Brown, and Mr. Lazaretos), Mr. Arthur H. Baer voting against, and the other four Board members abstained. The Company believes that this resolution requires Audit Committee

approval as a related party transaction and would not be effective without it under either Nasdaq rules or the Audit Committee Charter. The Audit Committee has considered and rejected that proposal.

SBS Field Specialist Litigation

The Company's merchandising, audit, assembly and other services for its domestic clients are performed by field merchandising, auditing, assembly and other field personnel (each a "Field Specialist"), a significant portion of them were furnished by others and substantially all of whose services were provided to the Company from 2000 to August 2018 by SBS.

The appropriateness of SBS' treatment of Field Specialists as independent contractors had been periodically subject to legal challenge (both currently and historically) by various states and others. SBS' expenses of defending those challenges and other proceedings generally were, through but not after the termination of the SBS services, reimbursed by the Company after and to the extent the Company determined (on a case-by-case basis) that those defense expenses were costs of providing services to the Company.

The Company settled its potential liability (as a current or former party) under two class action lawsuits against SBS, namely Clothier and Hogan. SBS was separately dismissed from the Hogan class action prior to the Company's settlement. SBS settled with Clothier and Rodgers in the SBS Chapter 11 Case, but the Company believes that Robert G. Brown and William H. Bartels were not released from Clothier, any related case or Rodgers (see above). The Company has never been a party to the Rodgers case. The Company has been comprehensively released by SBS pursuant to the Settlement Agreement and SBS Releases, but Mr. Brown continues to make claims for SBS against the Company. See SBS Bankruptcy, Settlement and March 2020 Claim, above, and SBS Clothier Litigation and SBS Rodgers Litigation, below.

SBS Clothier Litigation

Melissa Clothier provided services to SBS (then known as SPAR Marketing Services, Inc.) pursuant to an "Independent Merchandiser Agreement" (prepared solely by SBS) acknowledging her engagement as an independent contractor. In 2014, Ms. Clothier sued SBS and the Company in Alameda County, California (the "Clothier Case"), in which Ms. Clothier asserted claims on behalf of herself and a putative class of similarly situated merchandisers in California who were classified by SBS as independent contractors. Ms. Clothier alleged that she and other class members were misclassified by SBS as independent contractors (instead of as employees) and that, as a result of this misclassification, the defendants improperly underpaid them in violation of various California minimum wage and overtime laws. The Company was originally a defendant in the Clothier Case but was subsequently dismissed from the action without prejudice (meaning it could have been joined back into the case).

SGRP entered into mediation on June 7, 2018, to try to settle any potential future liability for any possible judgment against SGRP related to that case. SGRP asked SBS to participate financially and provide its knowledge in that mediation, but SBS and its stockholders wanted Mr. Brown to lead that mediation and for SGRP to bear the full cost of any settlement, and on several occasions they declined or failed to participate in that mediation. SGRP disagreed, insisting on the economic participation of the Majority Shareholders and SBS. SGRP reached a settlement and entered into a memorandum of settlement agreement, pursuant to which the Company would pay a maximum settlement amount of \$1.3 million, payable in four equal annual installments of \$325,000 each that commenced in December 2019, subject to the final court approval (the "Clothier Settlement"). Final approval was granted on September 20, 2019, and the Company was released by plaintiff and the settlement class from all other liability under the Clothier Case. The Company recorded a \$1.3 million charge for the Clothier Settlement during 2018, when the agreement in the Clothier Settlement was reached. To date, the Company has made two installment payments totaling \$650,000 under the Clothier Settlement, and \$650,000 is accrued as of March 31, 2021

SBS and SGRP Hogan Litigation

Paradise Hogan and others provided services to SBS pursuant to the terms of their separate Independent Contractor Master Agreements with SBS (prepared solely by SBS), and in such agreements acknowledging their engagement as an independent contractor. In January 2017, Hogan sued SBS and SGRP in the U.S. District Court in Massachusetts asserting claims on behalf of himself and an alleged nationwide class of similarly situated individuals who provided services to SBS. Hogan alleged that he and other alleged class members were misclassified by SBS as independent contractors (instead of as employees), and as a result of this purported misclassification, Hogan asserted claims on behalf of himself and the alleged Massachusetts class members under federal and state law for failure to pay overtime and minimum wages and other state law claims. On March 28, 2017, SGRP moved to refer Hogan's claim to arbitration pursuant to his agreement, to dismiss or stay Hogan's case pending arbitration, and to dismiss Hogan's case for failure to state a specific claim upon which relief could be granted.

On March 12, 2018, the Court denied the Motion to Compel Arbitration as to SGRP because as drafted by SBS, the arbitration clause did not reference or protect SGRP according to the Court. However, the Court eventually granted SBS the right to arbitrate without SGRP. SGRP appealed to the First Circuit but lost as the appeals court decided that the arbitration clause (as written by SBS) did not protect SGRP. As a result, SGRP would have been required to go to trial without SBS.

Facing litigation and potential damages in the Hogan Case, on March 27, 2019, SGRP entered into mediation with the plaintiffs and plaintiff's counsel in the Hogan Case to try to settle any potential future liability for any possible judgment against SGRP in that case. SBS and its stockholders were no longer involved in that case and so were not involved in that mediation. SGRP reached a settlement and entered into a memorandum of settlement agreement (the "Hogan Settlement"), which was approved by the court and became final in November 2019, and the Company was released by plaintiff and the settlement class from all other liability under the Hogan Case. Pursuant to the Hogan Settlement, SGRP agreed to a settlement amount of \$250,000 (in three installments), which payments commenced in December 2019 with the first payment of \$150,000. \$50,000 was paid in March 2020 and the remaining \$50,000 was paid in June 2020.

SBS Rodgers Litigation

Maceo Rodgers provided services to SBS pursuant to the terms of his "Master Agreements", and in such agreements acknowledging his engagement as an independent contractor. On February 21, 2014, Rodgers filed suit against SBS, Robert G. Brown and William H. Bartels in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas ("Rogers"). Plaintiff asserted claims on behalf of himself and an alleged class of similarly situated individuals who provided services to SBS as independent contractors, claiming they all were misclassified by SBS independent contractors and that, as a result of this misclassification, the Defendants improperly underpaid them in violation of the Fair Labor Standards Act's overtime and minimum wage provisions. The Company reimbursed defense expenses incurred by SBS in Rodgers until SBS' services were terminated in July 2018. The Company believes that SBS defended Robert G. Brown and William H. Bartels in Rodgers but is no longer doing so in Rodgers or the related arbitrations. See SBS Bankruptcy, Settlement and March 2020 Claim and SBS Field Specialist Litigation, above.

Rodgers settled for a claim of approximately \$618,000 against SBS (but not any claims against Brown or Bartels), in the SBS Chapter 11, and in full settlement of that claim they agreed upon a discounted payment amount of approximately \$48,000, payable in equal quarterly installments over a five-year period. See SBS Bankruptcy, Settlement and March 2020 Claim above.

9. Segment Information

The Company reports net revenues from operating income by reportable segment. Reportable segments are components of the Company for which separate financial information is available that is evaluated on a regular basis by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

The Company provides similar merchandising, business technology and marketing services throughout the world, operating within two reportable segments, its Domestic Division and its International Division. The Company uses those divisions to improve its administration and operational and strategic focuses, and it tracks and reports certain financial information separately for each of those divisions. The Company measures the performance of its Domestic and International Divisions and subsidiaries using the same metrics. The primary measurement utilized by management is operating profits, historically the key indicator of long-term growth and profitability, as the Company is focused on reinvesting the operating profits of each of its international subsidiaries back into its local markets in an effort to improve market share and continued expansion efforts.

The accounting policies of each of the reportable segments are the same as those described in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Management evaluates performance as follows (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended March 31,		
		2021		2020
Revenue:				
United States	\$	23,676	\$	23,289
International		37,421		38,059
Total revenue	\$	61,097	\$	61,348
Operating income:	ф		ф	207
United States	\$	757 1,961	\$	307
International	d.		¢.	1,170
Total operating income	\$	2,718	\$	1,477
Interest expense (income):				
United States	\$	137	\$	132
International		10		96
Total interest expense	\$	147	\$	228
Other (income), net:				
United States		(2)		(1)
International		(73)		(7)
Total other (income), net	\$	(75)	\$	(8)
Income before income tax expense:				
United States	\$	622	\$	176
International		2,024		1,081
Total income before income tax expense	\$	2,646	\$	1,257
Income tax expense:				
United States	\$	170	\$	75
International	J.	695	Ψ	260
Total income tax expense	\$	865	\$	335
20				

Net income:				
United States	\$ 4	52	\$	101
International	1,3	29		821
Total net income	\$ 1,7	81	\$	922
Net (income) attributable to non-controlling interest:				
United States	\$ ((80)	\$	(63)
International	(7	<u>(84</u>)		(561)
Total net (income) attributable to non-controlling interest	\$ (8	<u>64</u>)	\$	(624)
Net income attributable to SPAR Group, Inc.:				
United States	\$ 3	72	\$	38
International	5	45		260
Total net income attributable to SPAR Group, Inc.	\$ 9	<u>17</u>	\$	298
Depreciation and amortization:				
United States	\$ 3	90	\$	414
International	1	40		126
Total depreciation and amortization	\$ 5	30	\$	540
·				
Capital expenditures:				
United States	\$ 2	85	\$	381
International		47		(39)
Total capital expenditures	\$ 3	32	\$	342
			_	

Note: There were no inter-company sales for the three months ended March 31, 2021 or 2020.

		March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Assets:			
United States	\$	38,910	\$ 31,675
International		53,483	52,354
Total assets	\$	92,393	\$ 84,029
	_	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Long lived assets:	_	2021	2020
Long lived assets: United States	\$	•	2020 \$ 4,809
_	\$	2021	2020

Geographic Data (in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	 2021			2020		
		% of consolidated		% of consolidated		
International revenue:		net revenue		net revenue		
Brazil	\$ 12,300	20.1% \$	15,564	25.4%		
South Africa	7,722	12.6	6,914	11.3		
Mexico	7,259	11.9	5,847	9.5		
China	3,263	5.3	2,564	4.2		
Japan	2,450	4.0	2,782	4.5		
India	2,226	3.6	2,291	3.7		
Canada	1,878	3.1	1,717	2.8		
Australia	323	0.5	380	.6		
Total international revenue	\$ 37,421	61.1% \$	38,059	62.0%		

10. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company reviews new accounting pronouncements as they are issued or proposed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB").

Recently Adopted

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13 which eliminates, adds and modifies certain fair value measurement disclosures. The ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim reporting periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of the standard did not have a material impact to the consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04 simplifying the accounting for goodwill impairment for all entities. The new guidance eliminates the requirement to calculate the implied fair value of goodwill (Step 2 of the current two-step goodwill impairment test under ASC 350). Instead, entities will record an impairment charge based on the excess of a reporting unit's carrying amount over its fair value (Step 1 of the current two-step goodwill impairment test). The ASU is effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted for annual and interim goodwill impairment testing dates after January 1, 2017. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the goodwill impairment testing process or the consolidated financial statements.

In December 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-12 simplifying various aspects related to the accounting for income taxes. The guidance removes exceptions to the general principles in Topic 740 related to the approach for intra-period tax allocation, the methodology for calculating income taxes in an interim period and the recognition of deferred tax liabilities for outside basis differences. The ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim reporting periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the goodwill impairment testing process or the consolidated financial statements.

Not Yet Adopted

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments (Topic 326) Credit Losses". Topic 326 changes the impairment model for most financial assets and certain other instruments. Under the new standard, entities holding financial assets and net investment in leases that are not accounted for at fair value through net income are to be presented at the net amount expected to be collected. An allowance for credit losses will be a valuation account that will be deducted from the amortized cost basis of the financial asset to present the net carrying value at the amount expected to be collected on the financial asset. Topic 326 is effective as of January 1, 2020, although in November 2019, the FASB delayed the effective date until fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022 for SEC filers eligible to be smaller reporting companies under the SEC's definition, as well as private companies and not-for-profit entities. The Company qualifies as a smaller reporting company under the SEC's definition. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of Topic 326 on its consolidated balance sheets, statements of operations, statements of cash flows and related disclosures.

11. Leases

The Company is a lessee under certain operating leases for office space and equipment.

ASC 842 requires lessees to recognize leases on the balance sheet as a lease liability with a corresponding right of use ("ROU") asset, subject to certain permitted accounting policy elections.

Under ASC 842, SPAR determines, at the inception of the contract, whether the contract is or contains a lease based on whether the contract provides SPAR the right to control the use of a physically distinct asset or substantially all of the capacity of an asset.

Many of SPAR's equipment leases are short-term or cancellable with notice. SPAR's office space leases have remaining lease terms between one and approximately eleven years, many of which include one or more options to extend the term for periods thereafter. Certain leases contain options to terminate the lease early, which may include a penalty for exercising the option. Many of the termination options require notice within a specified period, after which the option is no longer available to SPAR if not exercised. The extension options and termination options may be exercised at SPAR's sole discretion. SPAR does not consider in the measurement of ROU assets and lease liabilities an option to extend or terminate a lease if SPAR is not reasonably certain to exercise the option. As of the end of this reporting period, SPAR has not included any options to extend or terminate in its measurement of ROU assets or lease liabilities.

Certain of SPAR's leases include covenants that oblige SPAR, at its sole expense, to repair and maintain the leased asset periodically during the lease term. SPAR is not a party to any leases that contain residual value guarantees nor is SPAR a party to any leases that provide an option to purchase the underlying asset

Many of SPAR's office space leases include fixed and variable payments. Variable payments relate to real estate taxes, insurance, operating expenses, and common area maintenance, which are usually billed at actual amounts incurred proportionate to SPAR's rented square feet of the building. Variable payments that do not depend on an index or rate are expensed by SPAR as they are incurred and are not included in the measurement of the lease liability.

Some of SPAR's leases contain both lease and non-lease components. Fixed and variable payments are allocated to each component relative to observable or estimated standalone prices. SPAR measures its variable lease costs as the portion of variable payments that are allocated to lease components.

SPAR measures its lease liability for each leased asset as the present value of lease payments, as defined in ASC 842, allocated to the lease component, discounted using an incremental borrowing rate specific to the underlying asset. SPAR's ROU assets are equal to the lease liability. SPAR estimates its incremental borrowing rate based on the interest rate SPAR would incur to borrow an amount equal to the lease payments on a collateralized basis over a similar term in a similar economic environment.

The components of SPAR's lease expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, which are included in the condensed consolidated income statement, are as follows (in thousands):

			Months nded		e Months nded
Lease Costs	Classification	March	31, 2021	March	ı 31, 2020
Operating lease cost	Selling, General and Administrative Expense	\$	217	\$	674
Short-term lease cost	Selling, General and Administrative Expense		302		112
Variable costs	Selling, General and Administrative Expense		50		97
Total lease cost		\$	569	\$	883

Supplemental cash flow information related to SPAR's leases for three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows (in thousands):

	E	e Months nded n 31, 2021	Er	Months ided 31, 2020
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities	\$	520	\$	720
Assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities Operating lease	ታ	_	¢	722

At March 31, 2021, SPAR had the following maturities of lease liabilities related to office space and equipment, all of which are under non-cancellable operating leases (in thousands):

Period Ending December 31,	A	mount
2021	\$	1,065
2022		792
2023		337
2024		247
2025		393
Thereafter		143
Total Lease Payments		2,977
Less: imputed interest		498
Total		2,479
	-	

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Quarterly Report") contains "forward-looking statements" within the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, made by, or respecting, SPAR Group, Inc. ("SGRP") and its subsidiaries (together with SGRP, "SPAR", the "SPAR Group" or the "Company"), and this Quarterly Report has been filed by SGRP with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). There also are forward-looking statements contained in SGRP's Annual Report on Form 10-K for its fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, as filed with the SEC on March 31, 2021, and SGRP's First Amendment to Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2020, as filed with the SEC on April 29, 2021 (as so amended, the "Annual Report"), in SGRP's definitive Proxy Statement respecting its Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held in June of 2021, which SGRP to be filed with the SEC in May of 2021 (the "Proxy Statement"), SGRP's definitive Information Statement filed with the SEC on February 2, 2021, (the "Information Statement"), SGRP's definitive Proxy Statement and Information Statement filed with the SEC on December 10, 2020 (the "Second Special Meeting Proxy/Information Statement"), and SGRP's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and other reports and statements as and when filed with the SEC (including this Quarterly Report, the Annual Report and the Proxy Statement, the Information Statement, the Second Special Meeting Proxy/Information Statement, each a "SEC Report"). "Forward-looking statements" are defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act, the "Securities Laws").

All statements (other than those that are purely historical) are forward-looking statements. Words such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend", "believe", "estimate", "anticipate," "continue," "plan," "project," or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions also identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements made by the Company in this Quarterly Report or the Annual Report may include (without limitation) statements regarding: risks, uncertainties, cautions, circumstances and other factors ("Risks"); and plans, intentions, expectations, guidance or other information respecting the potential negative effects of the Coronavirus and COVID-19 pandemic on Company's business, cash flow or financial condition, the Company's cash flow later this year, or the pursuit or achievement of the Company's five corporate objectives (growth, customer value, employee development, greater productivity & efficiency, and increased earnings per share), building upon the Company's strong foundation, leveraging compatible global opportunities, growing the Company's client base and contracts, continuing to strengthen its balance sheet, growing revenues and improving profitability through organic growth, new business development and strategic acquisitions, and continuing to control costs. The Company's forward-looking statements also include (without limitation) those made in the Annual Report in "Business", "Risk Factors", "Legal Proceedings", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", "Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance", "Executive Compensation", "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters", and "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence".

You should carefully review and consider the Company's forward-looking statements (including all risk factors and other cautions and uncertainties) and other information made, contained or noted in or incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report, the Annual Report, the Proxy Statement, the First Special Meeting Proxy/Information Statement and the First Special Meeting Report and the other applicable SEC Reports, but you should not place undue reliance on any of them. The results, actions, levels of activity, performance, achievements or condition of the Company (including its affiliates, assets, business, clients, capital, cash flow, credit, expenses, financial condition, income, liabilities, liquidity, locations, marketing, operations, performance, prospects, sales, strategies, taxation or other achievement, results, risks, trends or condition) and other events and circumstances planned, intended, anticipated, estimated or otherwise expected by the Company (collectively, "Expectations"), and our forward-looking statements (including all Risks) and other information reflect the Company's current views about future events and circumstances. Although the Company believes those Expectations and views are reasonable, the results, actions, levels of activity, performance, achievements or condition of the Company other events and circumstances may differ materially from our Expectations and views, and they cannot be assured or guaranteed by the Company, sontrol). In addition, new Risks and other assumptions, changes in circumstances and unpredictable events (many of which are beyond the Company's control). In addition, new Risks arise from time to time, and it is impossible for the Company to predict these matters or how they may arise or affect the Company. Accordingly, the Company cannot assure you that its Expectations will be achieved in whole or in part, that it has identified all potential Risks, or that it can successfully avoid or mitigate such Risks in whole or in part, any of which could be signific

These forward-looking statements reflect the Company's Expectations, views, Risks and assumptions only as of the date of this Quarterly Report, and the Company does not intend, assume any obligation, or promise to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements (including any Risks or Expectations) or other information (in whole or in part), whether as a result of new information, new or worsening Risks or uncertainties, changed circumstances, future events, recognition, or otherwise.

GENERAL

The SPAR Group is a leading global merchandising and marketing services company, providing a broad range of services to retailers, manufacturers and distributors around the world. With more than 40 years of experience, 25,000+ merchandising specialists around the world, 200,000+ average store visits a week and long-term relationships with some of the world's leading manufacturers and retail businesses, SPAR provides specialized capabilities across more than 9 countries and 4 continents.

The Company's focus is merchandising and marketing. Its specialists are in stores restocking shelves, auditing inventory, performing competitive price shopping, setting up exciting promotions, assembling fixtures and furniture, preparing new locations for grand openings, assisting with sales and more. SPAR provides the "last mile" of retailing and manufacturer product merchandising and marketing.

The Company's services apply to a wide range of segments and categories. SPAR serves retailers in the grocery, drug, dollar, discount, convenience, cash and carry, home improvement, consumer electronics, automotive, pharmacy, office supply and mass merchandise segments. SPAR serves manufacturers and distributors in the personal technology, electronics, beverage, household product, consumables, automotive aftermarket and consumer product segments. The Company's ability to recognize trends and opportunities across segments and geographies distinguishes the business from local or regional competition.

The Company operates in markets that represent more than 50% of the world's population. SPAR has expanded internationally to serve clients but also to capitalize on growing global demand. As of March 31, 2021, SPAR is in 9 countries including, United States, Canada, Mexico, Brazil, South Africa, Australia, China, Japan, and India. The Company no longer operates in Turkey.

The Company operates under two divisions: Domestic and International. The Domestic division is comprised of all operations within the United States. The International division is a consolidation of all operations and joint ventures outside the United States.

The Domestic business is led and operated from its global headquarters in Auburn Hills, MI. The International business is also led from the global headquarters, but then has regional leadership and offices in the respective countries.

The Company's approach to the international marketplace has historically been to establish joint ventures. SPAR believes this approach enables the Company to bring the breadth of its global capabilities and tools while capitalizing on the strength and importance of local executive leadership and resources.

Summaries of the Company's business and domestic and international business are set forth below. Please see Item 1 of the Annual Report for a more detailed description of the Company's Business, and the following parts of the Proxy Statement (which were incorporated by reference into the Annual Report): (i) Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management, (ii) Corporate Governance, (iii) Executive Compensation, Directors and Other Information and (iv) Executive Compensation, Equity Awards and Options. Please also see, review and give particular attention, to the Risk Factors in Item 1A of the Annual Report (including, without limitation, Dependence Upon and Cost of Services Provided by Affiliates and Use of Independent Contractors, Potential Conflicts in Services Provided by Affiliates, Risks Related to the Company's Significant Stockholders: Potential Voting Control and Conflicts, and Risks of a Nasdaq Delisting and Penny Stock Trading), to Note 8 to the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Commitments and Contingencies - Legal Matters, above, and to Note 5 to the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements – Related Party Transactions – Domestic Related Party Services, above.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three months ended March 31, 2021, compared to three months ended March 31, 2020

The following table sets forth selected financial data and data as a percentage of net revenues for the periods indicated (in thousands, except percent data).

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2021			2020		
		\$	%	\$	%	
Net revenues	\$	61,097	100.0% \$	61,348	100.0%	
Cost of revenues		48,838	79.9	49,560	80.8	
Gross profit		12,259	20.1	11,788	19.2	
Selling, general & administrative expense		9,011	14.7	9,771	15.9	
Depreciation & amortization		530	0.9	540	0.9	
Operating income		2,718	4.5	1,477	2.4	
Interest expense, net		147	0.2	228	0.4	
Other income, net		(75)	(0.1)	(8)	(0.0)	
Income before income taxes		2,646	4.4	1,257	2.0	
Income tax expense		865	1.4	335	0.5	
Net income		1,781	3.0	922	1.5	
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest		(864)	(1.4)	(624)	(1.0)	
Net income attributable to SPAR Group, Inc.	\$	917	1.6% \$	298	0.5%	

Net Revenues

Net revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were \$61.1 million, compared to \$61.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020, a decrease of \$0.2 million or 0.3%.

Domestic net revenues totaled \$23.7 million in the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared to \$23.2 million for the same period in 2020.

International net revenues totaled \$37.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared to \$38.1 million for the same period in 2020, a decrease of \$0.7 million or 1.8%. The decrease in international net revenues was primarily due to foreign currency translation.

Cost of Revenues

The Company's cost of revenues consists of its on-site labor and field administration fees, travel and other direct labor related expenses and was 79.9% of its net revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2021, and 80.8% of its net revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2020.

Domestic cost of revenues was 77.5% of net domestic revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2021, and 76.2% of net domestic revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2020. The increase in cost of revenues was due primarily to an unfavorable mix of project work.

Internationally, the cost of revenues as a percentage of net international revenues was 81.5% and 83.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses of the Company include its corporate overhead, project management, information technology, executive compensation, human resources, legal and accounting expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses were approximately \$9.0 million and \$9.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Domestic selling, general and administrative expenses totaled \$4.2 million and \$4.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

International selling, general and administrative expenses totaled \$4.8 million and \$5.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization charges totaled \$530,000 and \$540,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Interest Expense

The Company's net interest expense was \$147,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021, and \$228,000 for the same period in 2020.

Other Income

Other income was \$75,000 and \$8,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Income Taxes

Income tax expense was \$865,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared to \$335,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2020.

Non-controlling Interest

Net operating profits from the non-controlling interest, from the Company's 51% owned subsidiaries, resulted in a reduction of net income attributable to SPAR Group, Inc. of \$864,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and \$624,000 for three months ended March 31, 2020 respectively.

Net Income

The Company reported net income of \$917,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021, or \$0.04 per diluted share, compared to a net income of \$298,000, or \$0.01 per diluted share, for the corresponding period last year.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

In the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company had a net income before non-controlling interest of \$1.8 million.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$2.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared to \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020. The net cash provided by operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2021, was primarily due to a decrease in prepaids, and an increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses, offset by an increase in accounts receivable. Cash from operations could be affected by various risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and the other risks detailed in the section titled "Risk Factors" included elsewhere in our Annual Report. However, we believe that our existing cash, cash equivalents, short-term investment balances, funds available under our debt agreement, and cash generated from operations, will be sufficient to meet our working capital and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next twelve months.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$332,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared to \$342,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2020. The net cash used in investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2021, was due to fixed asset additions, primarily capitalized software.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2021, was \$3.6 million compared to \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020. Net cash provided by financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2021, was primarily due to net payments/draws on lines of credit.

The above activity and the impact of foreign exchange rate changes resulted in an increase in cash and cash equivalents for the three months ended March 31, 2021 of approximately \$3.7 million.

The Company had net working capital of \$24.4 million and \$23.6 million at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 respectively. The Company's current ratio was 1.5 at March 31, 2021, and 1.6 at December 31, 2020.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Company is a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and is not required to provide the information required under this item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting for the registrant, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f). Management has designed such internal control over financial reporting by the Company to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

The Company's management has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting using the "Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)" created by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") framework. Based on this evaluation, management has concluded that internal controls over financial reporting were effective as of March 31, 2021.

Management's Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have each reviewed and evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this report, as required by Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(b) and Rule 15d-15(b). Based on that evaluation, the chief executive officer and chief financial officer have each concluded that the Company's current disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports it files, or submits under the Exchange Act were recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in the Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's first quarter of its 2021 fiscal year that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is a party to various legal actions and administrative proceedings arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of Company's management, resolution of these matters is not anticipated to have a material adverse effect on the Company or its estimated or desired affiliates, assets, business, clients, capital, cash flow, credit, expenses, financial condition, income, legal costs, liabilities, liquidity, locations, marketing, operations, prospects, sales, strategies, taxation or other achievement, results or condition.

For a further discussion of certain legal proceedings, see Note 5 and Note 8 to the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements above.

Item 1A.Risk Factors

Existing Risk Factors

Various risk factors applicable to the Company and its businesses are described in Item 1A under the caption "Risk Factors" in the 2020 Annual Report, which Risk Factors are incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report. There have been no material changes in the Company's risk factors since the 2020 Annual Report. You should review and give attention to all of those Risk Factors.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Not applicable.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits

31.1	<u>Certification of the CEO pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as filed herewith.</u>
31.2	Certification of the CFO pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as filed herewith.
32.1	Certification of the CEO pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as filed herewith.
32.2	Certification of the CFO pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as filed herewith.
101.INS	XBRL Instance
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 13, 2021 SPAR Group, Inc., Registrant

By: /s/ Fay DeVriese

Fay DeVriese

Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary

CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Michael R. Matacunas, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 of SPAR Group, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 13, 2021

/s/ Michael R. Matacunas Michael R. Matacunas President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Fay DeVriese, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 of SPAR Group, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 13, 2021

/s/ Fay DeVriese Fay DeVriese, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary

Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 of SPAR Group, Inc., the undersigned hereby certifies that, to his knowledge:

- 1. The report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
- 2. The information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the registrant.

/s/ Michael R. Matacunas Michael R. Matacunas President and Chief Executive Officer

May 13, 2021

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to SPAR Group, Inc., and will be retained by SPAR Group, Inc., and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 of SPAR Group, Inc., the undersigned hereby certifies that, to her knowledge:

- 1. The report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
- 2. The information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the registrant.

/s/ Fay DeVriese
Fay DeVriese
Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and
Secretary

May 13, 2021

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to SPAR Group, Inc., and will be retained by SPAR Group, Inc., and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.